THE DAILY GAZETTE.

COLORADO SPRINGS, MAY 1, 1878.

Price, Five Cents.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE,
DAILY AND WEEKLY.
...l Paper of the City of Colorado Springs.
PUBLISHED
GAZETTE PUBLISHING CO.
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...AILY—TWENTY FOUR COLUMNS,
...ars per Annum. Five Dollars for Six Months.
...Dollars Fifty Cents for Three Months.
One Dollar per Month.
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TELEGRAPHIC

WASHINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 30. The president pro tem laid before the senate a number of bills from the house. Among them was senate bill to repeal the bankrupt law with amendments by the house. Merrimon moved to refer the bill and amendments to the judiciary committee. Beck objected to the motion, and demanded yeas and nays, for thought house amendments should be concurred in and the bill passed. Conkling favored a reference, and said the this body any committee could report at any time, therefore there would be no loss of time by the reference. Beck opposed the reference upon the ground that if any good was to grow out of the passage of the bill the sooner it be passed the better.

Senator Morrill, of Vermont, from the committee on finance, reported adversely on the concurrent resolution of Beck declaring it inexpedient to levy taxes at this time to maintain a sinking fund, and the committee was discharged from further consideration. In submitting the report, Morrill said the law as it now stood provided for the sinking fund, and it could be repealed by a concurrent resolution.

After the morning business had been disposed of the senate resumed the consideration of the bill to repeal the bankrupt law.

HOUSE.

Committee on ways and means, by a vote of eight against three decided to report to house following joint resolution: Whereas on 1st day of April, 1878, there had been paid into the sinking fund as provided for under sec. 3694 of revised statutes, the sum of $241,489,168.34 in excess of the requirements of said law, which sum is equivalent to about eight years in advance of the amount required by law, and

Whereas it is unnecessary to the maintenance of the public credit, and as it is unjust to the people to continue the imposition of taxes for this object at a time of great depression like the present,

Therefore be it enacted, etc., that the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed to suspend purchase of U. S. bonds for sinking fund as provided by section 3694 of revised statutes until the close of fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, unless otherwise directed by Congress.

The house bill for the relief of the settlers on the lands claimed by the North and South Alabama Railroad was under consideration last night, when the house found itself without a quorum, when it was presented to the speaker.

Mr. Gibson offered an amendment reorganizing the mint at New Orleans and appropriating $185,000 for its maintenance. This amendment gave rise to a discussion upon the subject of branch mints, and was participated in by Hanna, Saylor, Patterson, Cole and Franklin, who advocated the establishment of such mints in their respective localities.

After a long discussion in which the reorganization of New Orleans mint was advocated by Butler and Garfield, the Gibson amendment was defeated by a vote of 71 to 96. In the course of a long discussion on reduced appropriations for territorial governments, the action of the committee on appropriations having been criticised on the republican side of the house, Mr. Randall, the speaker, defended the course of that committee and condemned the tendency of the republican members to hard, together in opposition to all measures of economy. He was replied to by Garfield who declared that such an imputation against the republican side was not to be borne, and he asserted that from 1872 to present time, under republican as well as under democratic control of the house, the expenses of the government had been on the descending scale. The republicans believed in two things the support of the government, cost what it might, and all the economy that was possible in connection with the honest, fair and reasonable support of the government. Randall took issue with Garfield's statement and repeated his last assertion that the republican side of the house has lent its efforts as against general economy. He, Randall, had chafed under it from time to time, because he knew there was a reform element on the republican side of the house, as well as on the democratic side. It was through no disrespect that he appealed to the republican side no longer to continue in that direction, no longer to resist economy. Hale also replied to Randall and said the latter had never had so hard a task as he had this session in trying to control the democratic side of the house so as to prevent it from bankrupting the treasury. The river and harbor bill, to which he (Randall) was so much opposed was reported by a democratic committee; also the Mexican pension bill, which will take some millions a year out of the treasury, was reported by a democratic committee.

The discussion was continued by Lieb, Forster, Hooker, McMahon, Keifer, and Hewitt, of New York. Conger made a sarcastic allusion to what he called the speaker's zeal in behalf of economy, and said that if the gentleman would attend the democratic caucus and use his powers of persuasive eloquence there it would be more appropriate than for him to step down from his place and lecture republican members of the house. That gentleman's voice when he spoke as a politician was potent. The overshadowing of the presidential nomination gave his voice power all over the land, he whipped in his followers with that kind of gratitude which had been denied as the expectation of favors. After further discussion the committee rose after having disposed of only the fourth page of the bill, and the house adjourned.

The president sent the following nominations to the senate to-day: Norman Buck to be U. S. attorney, Idaho Territory; E. S. Chase of Wisconsin to be U. S marshall of Idaho Territory. A majority of the senate committee on military affairs to-day authorized Senator Cockrell to report house bill placing Gen. Shields on retired list of army, favorably and without amendment. It was coupled with the formal understanding that members of the committee shall be at liberty to offer amendments or oppose the bill in the senate if they so desire.

The house judiciary committee to-day agreed to report favorably on Senator Thurman's bill amendatory of the revised statutes so as to prohibit members of Congress from becoming securities on official bonds hereafter executed to the United States.

The secretary of the treasury to-day made a call for $5,000,000 of 5-20 consols of 1865.

Sinking Fund.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30. Adverse action of senate finance committee upon Senator Beck's concurrent resolution for temporary suspension of payments into sinking fund does not necessarily preclude favorable report. Hereafter, upon a bill or joint resolution for same general purpose. The vote by which house ways and means committee decided to recommend the passage of a joint resolution suspending purchases of bonds for sinking funds until June 30, 1885, was as follows: yeas Wood, N. Y., Tucker, Robbins, Harris, Gibson, Phelps, Kelly—8. Nays, Garfield, Burchard, Banks—3.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—All the assistant treasurers throughout the United States have been authorized to exchange silver dollars for greenbacks.

No information has been obtained here concerning the movements or purposes of the steamship Cambria reported off Ellsworth, Me. The subject excites no particular interest in Washington. A gentleman extensively engaged in shipping is authority for the statement that the Russian agents have been privately making enquiries as to what supplies of ships, etc., could be furnished to that government should they be needed.

The order closing the public schools of this District has been rescinded, congress having voted an appropriation.

Chinese Emigrants Seward in Trouble.

WASHINGTON, April 30. A sub-committee of the house committee on education and labor has agreed on a bill imposing a tax of $100 apiece on Chinese emigrants. The bill has yet to be submitted to a full committee for consideration.

The counsel for Hon. G. F. Seward, minister to China, has been notified to request that gentleman to appear before the house committee of expenditures in the State department. Seward being at present in Shanghai, it will be impossible for him to reach here before June.

COLORADO.

Canon City version of the Canon City war.

CANON CITY, COL., April 30. Twenty additional officers of the law were stationed in the Grand Canon of the Arkansas to-day on the request of the Canon City and San Juan railroad. This will put a prompt end to all attacks of the armed men in the employ of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad upon the Canon City and San Juan railroad camps, and also prevent further violence in the way of [illegible] immense boulders from the summit of the walls of the canon and hurling them down upon the forces working upon the grade below. Several parties of armed men under the command of deputy sheriffs were placed upon the highest points on either side of the canon, with orders to shoot the first man attempting the dislodgment of rocks. None of the Denver and Rio Grande men are at work, but on the contrary sleep away the greater portion of the day and receive two dollars and a half therefor. On the other hand the entire force of the other company is at work blasting and grading, and the only arms carried are the implements of labor. There is great rejoicing here to-night over the receipt of news from Denver, Judge Hallet's decision in throwing Denver and Rio Grande case out of U. S. courts and remanding it back to the court here that issued the injunction against the Denver and Rio Grande being considered a virtually the death knell of that road's scheme, so far as the Grand Canon is concerned. No little anxiety has been manifested as to the result of the reported conference in St. Louis, between President Nickerson and General Manager Strong, of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, and President Palmer, of the Denver and Rio Grande, and the following dispatch from Mr. Strong to Chief Engineer Robertson, of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, received to-night, has greatly added to the satisfaction over Judge Hallet's decision: "To A. A. Robinson, Canon City: No compromise or agreement of any kind has been made; protect our rights under the law. (Signed) W. B. STRONG. Mr. Strong is now on his way to Pueblo, and will reach there to-morrow morning.

The Denver & Rio Grande railway now hold but one mile of the forty miles of the canon, the other company holding thirty-nine miles, and preserving intact the bridges built across the river, having fully repaired the bridge cut by the Denver & Rio Grande men Sunday night.

Murder at Del Norte.

DEL NORTE, Colorado, April 30. George S. Alden, formerly postmaster at Antelope Springs, was shot yesterday, by a son of Mrs. Cromley, the present postmistress at that place. He was shot through the thigh, bleeding to death in about twenty minutes. The cause is said to have been an insult or a remark that was construed as such by Mrs. Cromley, the son acting on this impression went to Mr. Alden's house, calling him out and shot him as above.

Further Particulars.

GARLAND, April 30. The following telegram was received here to-day from a reliable authority at Del Norte: George Alden was killed at Antelope Springs by Monte Moreland. The murderer is supposed to have gone toward Garland, where he is well known. He is about twenty years old, five feet seven inches high, light blue eyes, spare made, scar on his forehead, light hair, and very light mustache. Mr. Alden was postmaster at Antelope Springs and also engaged in the merchandising business. He was well known and much respected by all who knew him. Young Moreland, the murderer, is considered a hard case, and was known here also as "The Kid." No further particulars.

MAINE.

A Suspicious Craft.

SOUTHWEST HARBOR, Me., April 30. About 7 o'clock Sunday morning the steamer Cambria, of Hamburg, one of the New York and Hamburg line, arrived at this place. According to Captain Bodenheuser's statement, she is chartered by an agent of the Russian government. She proceeded to Port Baltic in Russia, and there took on board six hundred men, Finns and steerage passengers, and sixty-three men as cabin passengers. She sailed from Port Baltic and passed around north of Scotland. Captain Bodenheuser was under the orders of one of the cabin passengers, and when off Cape Sable, as he shaped his course for Cape Cod, he was directed to lay course for Southwest Harbor. He has no cargo only ship stores. He is now lying here waiting orders. He professes utter ignorance of the destination of the vessel or men. No one has been ashore with the exception of Bodenheuser and the gentleman in charge. The latter has the bearing of a naval officer, and is a Russian. The collector of the port has not yet boarded the ship, and no other person has been allowed on board.

ELLSWORTH, Me., April 30. Passengers of the steamer Cambria, Southwest Harbor, prove to be a regularly organized ship's crew of sixty officers and six hundred seamen, of the Russian Imperial navy, under command of Count Griffenburg. On her arrival a long dispatch in cipher was sent to Admiral Lessoninsky, at St. Petersburg, and the officers seem to be awaiting a reply. The ship has a large amount of stores on board, including coal for ten days steaming. No arms or ammunition are visible, and the officers of the steamer deny that there are any on board. The officers and crew of the steamer number one hundred and ten and are all Germans. Captain Bordenheuser was taken out of another steamer and appointed to the Cambria three days after he reached Hamburg. He took in stores and passengers as rapidly as possible. Captain Bordenheuser has asked for a bill of health from this port. The Russian officers are very reticent about the object of their visit, and even profess to be ignorant of their destination or the purpose of their being sent here. Among the officers is a Russian nobleman of high rank, who was with the Grand Duke on his visit to this country. None of the officers have yet been on shore, except the captain and the purser of the ship, and the paymaster of the Russian corps. The collector has boarded the ship and found her papers all right, corresponding to captain's statement. Regular entry will be made to-day and a list of her passengers furnished as soon as it can be made. They observe no special secrecy but [illegible] to go about. They think they may remain here [illegible] days. Ship [illegible] without legal pilot. Two [illegible] abled.

GENERAL NEWS.

Strike at St. Louis—Merchants' Exchange on Levees.

ST. LOUIS, April 30. The journeymen tailors in this city took preliminary steps for a strike for higher wages, at a meeting held by them to-day. They have made a schedule of prices, which will be presented to all bosses, and if the latter be not accepted, a strike will begin at once. The tailors claim they are now working for starvation wages. A great many of them are not able to earn more than six dollars a week. They will be sustained in their action by several trade unions in the city. It is said work has already been suspended in several shops.

The merchants exchange in this city have passed the following resolution: Resolved, that the merchants exchange of St. Louis views with much regret the change made by the levee committee of the house of representatives in the bills of Senator Cockrell and Hon. Randall Gibson, providing for the appointment of a committee of five engineers to prepare plans for the improvement of the Mississippi river, and that it is the opinion of this exchange that the president of the United States should be untrammeled in the appointment of said commissioners, subject only to the approval of the senate as provided in said bills. Resolved, that the attention of other commercial bodies is respectfully called to this important matter.

Orangemen and Catholic Row.

MONTREAL, April 30. The apprehensions of party disturbances arising out of the Orange celebration last evening were verified. As a section of Young Britons were proceeding out to the western suburbs early this morning they were attacked with pistols by some three or four hundred Catholic unionists at Wellington Bridge, who were lying in wait for them. Over one hundred shots were fired, resulting in the death of Jno. Callahan, and the serious wounding of two men named Johanna and Mullin, all Catholics. A cab, containing J. Long, an Orangeman, and a young woman, going home from a concert, was riddled with shot. Long was wounded in two places, but his companion miraculously escaped. No arrests. There is great excitement over the affair.

Report of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern.

CHICAGO, April 30. The annual report of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad for the year 1877, shows the freight earnings to be $9,476,608, the passenger earnings to be $3,203,109 and other earnings $825,351; total, $13,505,158, or an increase in the net earnings over last year of $16,655. President Vanderbilt says that of the ninety two killed by the Ashtabula accident, eighty-two have been settled for; of the sixty-four wounded, fifty-six have been settled for. This absorbed $453,800 of the earnings.

Fearful Tragedy.

DETROIT, April 30. Last night Mrs. J. Dist, of this city, while laboring under a fit of gestative frenzy, during the absence of her husband, administered laudanum to herself and to her six-year-old daughter. A physician was summoned immediately upon the discovery of the situation, but despite his most strenuous efforts the daughter died, the mother's life was saved, and this a.m. she gave birth to a child, after which reason returned. Her grief upon discovering what she had done was heartrending. The verdict of the coroner's jury was death from poison administered by a mother with intent to kill herself and child.

The funeral of the late William Evarts took place from St. Paul's church, at Windsor, Vt., this morning. Secretary and Mrs. Evarts were absent, having been called to New York by the dangerous illness of a son.

FOREIGN.

Peace Indications—Russian Concessions, Etc.

LONDON, April 30. The customs authorities are understood to have been instructed to exercise special vigilance in the examination of export cargoes to prevent contraband of war leaving the country.

Some indications of peace are found in the fact that the point at issue is becoming more distinct. That point is whether Russia will recognize the fact that the rights of the Great Powers as established by the treaties of 1856 and 1871 take precedence over the San Stefano treaty.

It is stated that Russia is willing to make the following concessions, limitations of boundaries and of the period of occupation of Bulgaria, substitution of European for a Russian commission and organization of European syndicate to consider claims of bondholders as well as Russian claims for indemnity.

The retrocession of the slip of Bessarabia inhabited by Russians is owned to be great, but it is conspicuous that Russia completely ignores the treaty of Paris and its reaffirmation in 1871.

Considerable excitement was produced in Berlin by the announcement that the English fleet was being fitted out for operations in the Baltic. It was hardly to be expected that a foreign fleet would make its appearance in the Baltic against the wish of Germany.

First contingent sent from this country to Malta will number 5000 men, and two batteries of artillery, all of which are under orders for embarkation. Torpedo service promises all that is desired. Thornycraft and Cowill will soon have ready five or six of the twenty torpedo launches, which they are building, and other firms are making extraordinary efforts toward completion of government orders for launches.

Ships for Channel and North Sea fleet will rendezvous at Portland.

The Manchester Guardian's Vienna dispatch says that the German steamer Cambria, of the Hamburg American line, which has been chartered by the Russian government, has taken a contingent of forty officers and five hundred seamen and started to cruise in Chinese and Japanese waters.

A New York special says the steamer Cambria referred to in the previous dispatch is the vessel which put into Southwest Harbor, Maine, Sunday morning with six hundred so-called passengers.

Russia and Servia.

LONDON, April 30. A telegram from Belgrade says it is apparent that friendship between Russia and Servia is [illegible]. It has been arranged that Servia, in the event of an Anglo Russian war, shall [illegible] the stipulations of the San Stefano treaty, while Turkey remains neutral. It is probable that the Servian army will shortly occupy [illegible] positions in Old Servia with the consent of Russia. All levies will be at their posts by May 19. The entrenched camp at Kladova, which is one of the principal points of concentration, is now completely fortified.

Russians and Turks at War Again.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30. An affray has occurred between the Russian and Turkish soldiers at the barracks about two miles from the fortifications. Eighty men were found dead on both sides. Scrakiriate has consequently prohibited Russian soldiers from [illegible] the line of demarcation.

Italy at the Last Push.

LONDON, April 30. A dispatch from Berlin says intelligence received from what is considered a trustworthy source states that the Italian government is making warlike preparations on a somewhat large scale. The object is said to be to dispatch a force into Albania. This is similar to a report in a Berlin dispatch to this morning's Standard, that Italy has decided to make a descent on Albania.

Royal Marriage [illegible].

BERLIN, April 30. It is understood that the ceremonies of the betrothal of the Duke of Connaught, third son of Queen Victoria, to Princess Louise, third daughter of Prince Frederick Charles, of Prussia, will occur at Darmstadt on May 9.

Bismarck's physician states that the chancellor will be able to return to the capital in about a fortnight or three weeks.

Epsom Races—Strikes.

LONDON, April 30.—The city and suburban handicap at Epsom to-day, was won by Crawford's horse Sefton; Advance, second; Monoevere, third.

There is little change in the strike, in a few cases a compromise has been effected. Seven more mills in Preston have struck and one other has been mobbed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Conkling won't Talk.

A Chicago special says that Conkling stated to the Inter Ocean Washington correspondent that he believed that a premeditated attempt was being made to compel him to speak on the present political complications, but he did not propose to have it succeed. He would not speak on the New York World or any other newspaper.

Burglary.

BOSTON, April 30. Some burglars entered the residence of Ephrian Otis, a leading citizen of South Scituate, this morning, and took a safe from a chamber on the first floor, carried it about half a mile down the road, blew it open, and got away with the contents consisting of railroad stocks and bank books representing over $30,000.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., April 30. Three sub-chiefs of the Nez Perces prisoners, headed by White Feather, left Fort Leavenworth for Sitting Bull's camp accompanied by Clarke, an experienced interpreter and guide. These Indians go as commissioners to the Nez Perces with Sitting Bull to report on the condition of Chief Joseph's band at Leavenworth, it having been rumored among the Indians on the plains that they were badly treated. They go without military escort, a fact which shows the confidence the government officers repose in them. This is the first step in a movement for reuniting the several bands of the tribe.

Merrimack and Nashua rivers in New Hampshire are rising and doing great damage to the mills.

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The City of Colorado Springs, and Pike's Peak, May 1, 1878.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

MAY 1, 1878.

Official Paper of the City of Colorado Springs.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

It may not be inappropriate in the first number of the DAILY GAZETTE to briefly indicate our plans and policy.

We intend the news department of the paper shall be equal to that of any other paper in the State. Of course the news, outside of the State, will be the same in all the morning papers. Great attention will be paid to State news. We expect soon to perfect arrangements by which we shall be enabled every morning to place before our readers telegraphic news from all parts of the State. We are also making arrangements to have correspondents in all the mining camps and business centres, so as to keep our readers informed of what is going on all over the State in detail. We believe in the great future of our Centennial State and hope to contribute to its prosperity by accurately and adequately setting forth its advantages in mining, agriculture, grazing, and manufactures.

The local news will be as full as reasonable exertion and due deference to public morals can make it.

In [illegible] editorial columns we shall endeavor to discuss all questions of local or national importance with fairness, and with such ability as we may be able to command. The course of the paper in all local subjects is too well known to require that we should say more than that it will be unchanged. We believe the founders of this city were wise in making it a temperance city, and we shall try and create a healthy public sentiment in favor of a vigorous administration of the city ordinances on this subject.

In regard to national politics, this paper will advocate the principles embodied in the platform adopted by the Republican party at Cincinnati in 1876. The conduct of the Democratic majority in the House during the last three years impels us to believe that purity in the administration of the government, sound legislation in finance, and a wise settlement of Southern questions will be best subserved by a continuance in power of the Republican party. We shall always feel free to criticise and condemn any action which does not commend itself to our judgment. We heartily approve of the efforts President Hayes has made to carry out the declaration of the Cincinnati platform on reconciliation, civil service reform and resumption, and congratulate him on his success. Resumption is now assured. Peace and honest government now reign in the South in place of murder, rapine, and plunder. Senators and Representatives now understand that their re-election must depend on the integrity, wisdom, and ability with which they serve their constituents, rather than in the bestowment of patronage. Office-holders now know that they are paid for services rendered to the government and not to some politician.

Trusting the GAZETTE will continue to have the confidence and support of the community, we enter upon our new career.

McLinn's confession has not created the sensation it was expected to create. The lengthy confession when boiled down amounts to simply this: The returning board of Florida made an honest return of the election, so far as they were then acquainted with the facts, but subsequent revelations show that the board should have given certificates to the Tilden electors. These subsequent revelations were not made until after McLinn was assured he could not receive an office from President Hayes. Hayes and his cabinet have not been at all disturbed by it. When the confession first appeared, Montgomery Blair and W. E. Chandler were in the seventh heaven.

The nomination of Geo. L. Smith, of Louisiana, to be collector of the port at New Orleans, is received everywhere with general satisfaction. Ex-Governor Packard would rather Smith would have it than any other man than himself. Eustis the Democratic senator also favors it. It is said that the appointment of Smith will have the effect of uniting the discordant elements of the Republican party in Louisiana. Smith was a Union soldier during the [illegible] war, settled in Shreveport. He has served two terms in the State legislature and one in Congress with great [illegible]

THE UTES.

We publish in another column a letter from Ouray, which is largely devoted to the Indian question. The project of removing the Indians to the White River agency is received with great favor. While perhaps this is the wisest thing to be done under the circumstances, it is only a temporary settlement of a vexed question. It will not be long before the rapid development of the resources of the State will demand a fresh treaty and more limited quarters.

At present a little over 2,000 Utes occupy one-sixth of the area of the State. Of the 1,000,000 acres of arable land which they possess, they cultivated 38 acres last year. The ten thousand inhabitants of the San Juan country are unable to obtain any products from the thousands of acres of arable land about them. The Utes also occupy a rich mineral district, which our hardy miners are only too willing to occupy. Certainly the possession of the lands in southwestern Colorado by the Indians is a great bar to the development of the mineral and agricultural resources of that part of the State. At the White River agency they will have about 500,000 acres of arable land and soon we may expect the envious eyes of the white man to be turned in that direction. In whatever part of the State they may be located, sooner or later they will be found to be an obstruction in the pathway of advancing civilization.

The first plan suggested was to buy the entire reservation from the Indians and invest the proceeds in interest bearing securities and use the income for their benefit; also, to remove the Indians to Indian Territory and give them each a homestead of 160 acres. This would have been a permanent settlement of the Indian question in this State and would have rendered justice to the Indian.

We hoped this plan would have been carried out but so much opposition was evinced by the southwestern states that the plan was abandoned.

As the House will probably pass the Senate bill, we may look for a steady development of the rich mineral and agricultural resources of that part of our State.

We present in to-day's paper, as a fitting accompaniment to the first number of THE DAILY GAZETTE, a cut of the city of Colorado Springs, which will doubtless strike our readers as a really artistic production. The engraving was executed by Mr. Mills, of Denver, an artist of ability, for Major McAllister, who has kindly loaned it to us for our initial number. The cut is intended for a letter-head, to take the place of the old cut made some years ago by Mr. Glover, and which, owing to the rapid growth of the town, no longer conveys an idea of its present size. Nothing can give to those who think of coming hither a better impression of the place than this admirable cut.

The Vicksburg (Miss.) *Herald*, a Democratic paper, tells Mr. Blair that his efforts are more likely to injure his own party than to overthrow the President.

PASSENGER EXPRESS

NOTICE!

CROSS & STEVENS,

The enterprising Livery Men of Manitou,

WILL RUN A PASSENGER EXPRESS

Between Colorado Springs and Manitou for the season.

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[illegible]

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Than can be obtained from Denver or elsewhere.

BRICK BLOCK,

Huerfano Street, Colorado Springs.

GROCERIES.

THE

NEW

PARLOR STORE,

Largest Stock,

AND LOWER PRICES

Than Was Ever Before Offered In The State Of Colorado. At

S. SESSLER'S,

Wholesale & Retail Grocer,

Having had fifteen years' experience in the Grocery business in Colorado, and selecting my present stock directly from the manufacturers in car-load lots, at Extremely Low Prices, and at the very low rate of freight, I feel confident that I can offer better goods, at lower prices, than can be obtained elsewhere in Colorado, My Stock comprises everything in the Grocery line and of the best QUALITY.

Colorado Springs, Col.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.

BAKERY

AND

FANCY

CONFECTIONERY!!

Postoffice Block.

The largest stock of CANDIES to be found in the city kept constantly on hand, Groceries, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, and California Fresh and Canned Fruits.

Fancy Cakes

For Weddings and Festivals, made and ornamented on short notice and in a superior manner.

BREAD DELIVERED DAILY

To all parts of the city and Manitou.

I have recently opened a

LUNCH ROOM!

Where Tea, Coffee, Sandwiches, etc., will be supplied at any time. I have also the exclusive agency for this city and vicinity of the Celebrated Black Hawk Crackers.

WM. BUSH,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

J. C. HELM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, Tejon Street, opposite El Paso County Bank.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

J. M. SOMERVILLE,

House and Sign

PAINTING!

PAPER-HANGING, Etc.

Shop on Pike's Peak Avenue, between Tejon Street and [illegible] Avenue,

COLORADO SPRINGS.

HIDES, PELTS, FURS.

H. C. TILLINGHAST & CO.,

Dealers in

Hides, Pelts,

FURS AND SKINS.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

HUERFANO STREET, east of Phelps House, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Highest Market Price Paid for Everything Purchased. Give us a call.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

GAGE & PERRY

Manufacture the Latest Styles of

Men's French Calf BOOTS and GAITERS.

[illegible] FIRST-CLASS [illegible]

Tejon Street, Colorado Springs

E. W. GIDDING'S COLUMN.

E. W. GIDDINGS, JR.

E. W. GIDDINGS' STORE!

[illegible] MONEY. By calling at [illegible] GOODS [illegible] You will be convinced [illegible] always sells [illegible] 60 cents a yard.

PAINTS.

TAKE [illegible]

Attractions [illegible]

W. C. BRA[illegible]

Still Greate[illegible]

IMMENS[illegible]

WALL PAPER & [illegible]

LATEST STYLES [illegible]

To be found in the [illegible] selling at prices [illegible]

ENGLISH AN[illegible]

ARTISTS' [illegible]

Also [illegible] ING. My [illegible]

Paints [illegible]

BRADBURY'S [illegible]

HOUSE A[illegible]

PAINT[illegible]

MAKE A SP[illegible]

Ornamental [illegible]

In all its bran[ches] [illegible]

House [illegible]

Paper Han[ging] [illegible]

Kalsom[ining] [illegible]

Pai[illegible]

ARE UNSUR[PASSED]

We employ none but [illegible] and under our personal [illegible]

We guarantee to plea[se] [illegible] Give us a call.

OUR PRICES CA[illegible]

AT [illegible]

Bradbury's, NOR[illegible]

LIVERY.

WILBUR & GOODRICH,

AVENUE STABLES,

107 Pike's Peak Avenue,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.

Fine draw horses and carriages to let. Stock taken to handle and break. All diseases of horses treated.

HARNESS, ETC.

H. T. O'BRIEN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of

HARNESS,

COLLARS,

WHIPS, COMBS, BRUSHES,

ETC

Sole Agent for these celebrated

CALIFORNIA SADDLES,

[illegible] OF DENVER.

Call at the Sign of the Broncho,

HUERFANO STREET.

DENVER NEWS.

Rocky Mountain News.

SPECIMEN COPIES FREE.

PIONEER NEWSPAPER OF COLORADO.

Established April 29, 1859.

Best, Largest, Cheapest, Best

[illegible]

TAKE THE NEWS.

[illegible]

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

[illegible]

Carpenter and Builder.

[illegible]

CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR BUILDING.

I AM PREPARED TO

[illegible]

MACHINISTS.

JOHN KRATTENHOFF,

Machinist and Gunsmith.

GUNS, PISTOLS, AND REVOLVERS. [illegible]

COLORADO

SEWING MACHINES

[illegible]

GENERAL JOBBING NEATLY DONE

WHITE, Machinist,

[illegible] TEJON STREET.

LUMBER.

P. GUTSHALL,

DEALER IN

LUMBER,

SHINGLES, LATH, DOORS,

WINDOWS, BLINDS, ETC.

CEMENT, PLASTER HAIR.

[illegible]

CHARLES CRISSEY,

(DEALER IN)

CHICAGO AND COLORADO

LUMBER,

DOORS,

BLINDS,

BUILDING PAPER, Etc.

North Tejon Street, corner of Bijou

COLORADO SPRINGS.

DENTIST.

SUTHERLAND,

DENTIST,

TEJON STREET,

Over G. S. Barnes' Hardware Store.

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS.

F. E. DOW

Will open his New Stock of

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING

GOODS

IN UNION BLOCK,

TO-MORROW.

He has thought proper not to pack the first floor to the ceiling, but will leave room for his customers to get in and examine his stock.

GOOD GOODS

Will be offered at

LOWER PRICES

Than ever before heard of

IN THIS CITY.

MEAT MARKETS.

MEAT MARKET!

A choice supply of

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

[illegible] kept constantly on hand.

T. J. TREADWELL, Prop.

Third door above Gazette Office.

PEOPLE'S MEAT MARKET!

CHOICE

CORN FED BEEF

Received Daily.

Also everything to be found in a First-class Market.

W. H. KETTLEWELL, Proprietor.

ARTHUR PECK,

Wholesale and retail dealer in

Beef and Fresh Meats

OF ALL KINDS.

Tejon St., [illegible] Colorado Springs.

A. J. DOWNING & CO.,

[illegible]

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Game

SALT MEATS, &c.

City Market, Tejon Street.

GROCERIES.

[illegible] & SHERMAN,

[illegible]

FINE GROCERIES, FLOUR,

[illegible]

SHIP ALL YOUR GOODS FOR LEADVILLE

[illegible]

Oldest and Best Grocery House

IN TOWN.

GINGER ALE.

DRINK

[illegible] GINGER ALE

It is the best refreshing drink to be had.

An excellent beverage for Pic-Nics, Festivals, and Entertainments.

[illegible] at C. Stockbridge's will [illegible]

[illegible]

SPRING WATER.

SPRING WATER!

NOW!

[illegible]

I have completed a new Water-box, and am prepared to fill orders promptly. No other parties supply Spring Water.

Please leave your orders on the books at G. S. Barnes' Store, or with the driver.

GEO. DE LA VERGNE.

NURSERY.

Flowering

Plants.

I am now prepared to sell Flowering Plants at Denver Prices. I will discount Denver prices on large orders.

WM. CLARK,

Colorado Springs Nursery,

COLORADO SPRINGS.

PRINTING.

KEEP YOUR EYE PEELED

When on the lookout for

FIRST-CLASS PRINTING,

CHEAP.

The Franklin Printing House fills the bill [illegible]

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

MAY 1, 1878.

A Spring Lilt.

Through the silver mist
Of the blossom spray
Trill the orioles; list,
To their joyous lay!
"What in all the world, in all the world,"
they say,
"Is half so sweet, so sweet, is half so sweet
as May?"

"June! June! June!"
Low croon
The brown bees in the clover
"Sweet! sweet! sweet!"
Repeat
The robins, nested over.

Avis Grey in Scribner for May.

Personal.

Victoria Woodhull has married a wealthy merchant.

Senator Bayard's eldest daughter has rare dramatic talent.

Mr. Robert Buchanan, the poet, has entered the editorial field.

Gov. Rice, of Massachusetts, declines to be a candidate for re-election.

The Queen has knighted Samuel Furguson, the author of that stirring poem, "The Forging of the Anchor."

Caleb Cushing is the only survivor of the Mexican war residing at Newburyport, where a full company was raised.

A flute that once belonged to Frederick the Great was presented to the Emperor of Germany on his recent birthday.

The monument to Stephen A. Douglas is nearly completed, and will be placed above his grave within the next six weeks.

The new Pope is a poet. A great many Latin and Italian poems from his pen are in existence, and they are about to be published.

General Garfield, one of the six officers who composed the court-martial which tried Fitz John Porter, says that the latter escaped the death penalty by a single vote.

General Sherman took me riding once through the region where he was brought up, and it appeared to me that he had fought some boy rustic or other chap at every field corner. *General Corse.*

Lionel Tennyson, the son of the laureate, has come into the public eye by his recent marriage with Miss Eleanor Locker, the pretty brunette, *et nes reine*, daughter of another poet, Frederick Locker.

"I am acquainted with your brother-in-law, sir," said a guileless would-be-reporter to Mr. Tweddley. "Then you know a couple of mighty mean men. Good evening," responded the philanthropist.

The $5,000 left by Benjamin Franklin to the city of Boston in 1792, to be loaned to young married mechanics has increased at a rate that promises to make the principal $325,000 in 1892. This is only $56,000 less than Dr. Franklin calculated upon.

The diary kept by the First Napoleon during his captivity on the Island of St. Helena, which the day after the great Emperor's death fell into the hands of a surgeon of the 70th British Regiment is at length to see the light. It is to be edited and at an early day will be published in London.

President Hayes will probably attend the centennial commemoration of the Wyoming massacre, July 3 and 4. The scene and ceremonies are to recall as vividly as possible the Wyoming of 1778. The old forts and huts along the Susquehanna are to be rebuilt, and a tribe of Indians have been hired.

The annual reunion of the officers of the 3d corps, army of the Potomac, will be held at Newburgh, May 7. Seventy-five officers will attend, among them Generals Hooker, Hancock, Humphreys and Sickles, Schofield, Sheridan, and Kilpatrick, and Collector Arthur, who are all members, are also expected.

Vertunni, the French artist, has the most splendid studio in Rome. It consists of five apartments, without counting the elegant library and vast private studio. He will send four pictures to the to the Paris Exposition: A scene in the Pontine Marshes, the Valley of Faroani, near Vesuvius, the Pyramids and the Sphinx.

It is said that Senator Gordon, of Georgia, received an invitation to dine with the Commercial Club of Boston on the 27th of April, bringing other Southern representative men with him, and that he invited Senators Lamar, of Mississippi, and Garland, of Arkansas, and Governor Colquitt, of Georgia, to accompany him.

General Grant's visit was a success with the Turks at least. They like a silent man. The less a man says, in their estimation, the wiser he is. *"Bir Adam chok akelle"* (a very wise man), said a Pasha to me when speaking of Grant. "Did he say anything to you?" "Not a word, but he looked wise. *Constantinople Letter.*

The school at which Chatterton received his earliest education and of which his father was master, is to be immediately razed to the ground. At the same time will be levelled the master's house at the back of the school, in which building Dr. Wilson and others of the poet's biographers represent him to have been born, though this fact is only probable.

Mr. Anthony Trollope is one of the most industrious of men. He has written novels in plenty, and yet gives himself every day three hours of good, hard reading, chiefly in the classics. He has lately been reading the Greek historians. During his recent visit to South Africa, and the voyage home, he wrote the whole of the work on the country, which has just been published.

It is related of Horace Greeley that when he was once lecturing in Indiana, when the State banks were in full career and a bank bill could not be carried a hundred miles without a discount on it, the lecture committee paid Mr. Greeley in bank bills of that neighborhood. He looked at them, and then said, "Could not you give me, instead of this stuff, a well-executed counterfeit on some Eastern bank?"

Bronson Alcott on Concord Celebrities.

But Emerson deserves the credit of an original creator of American literature. He described his fame and his impress especially upon American literary youth, and then gave us an insight into his working methods. The main secret of it is his diary or common-place book. Continually interrogating Nature, he puts down her daily teachings, folds away for future use her germs of thought and illustration. When a visitor comes he tests his quality, draws out the best that is in him and puts it down. Visiting a museum or a gallery, the diary and pencil are brought out—reading-books and reading through only the very few, he sips from others here and there. But the vital thoughts that kindle his own thought go into the note-book, indexed, in some way for use.

Emerson made the American lecture, and the genesis of a lecture or an essay is in his note-books. Having chosen his theme, he will sift his treasures, copy out his previous suggestions relating to that theme, find a telling thought to begin with, another for a climax, fill in between, shuffle his cards, rush in to lecture the first time with a rather queer mosaic to try it on, and afterward perfect it. His logic is good, said Mr. Alcott, *if you can find it*, but something like the logic of a galaxy of stars. Jeremiah Mason, persuaded by his daughters, went to hear Emerson lecture when the fashion had got fairly set, and being asked how he liked him, said "he couldn't understand a word of it, but his daughters did."

Emerson never valued criticism, and seldom if ever read his critics. His style is admirable, especially in its qualities of force, terseness and vivacity; the sentences being perfect, as proved when you attempt to leave out any single word or change its place. The final quality which Mr. Alcott dwelt upon with his best unction was the perfect *gentlemanhood* of his Concord neighbor, exemplyfying in himself, through all social relations of the home, the neighborhood and the town, the rare combination of qualities which portrayed in his masterly essay on "Manners." The main strength and interest of the conversation concentrated on Emerson, of whom Mr. Alcott spoke more *con amore* than of the rest.

Hawthorne was depicted as decidedly in contrast, shy, coy as a maiden, who had to be courted, and "he never had the skill to win him;" hospitable in his own way, but preferring, whether at home or abroad, when in company to hide himself in a corner an observer of the "spectacle of conversation" rather than a participant. He was said almost never to have been seen in the streets of Salem; his house at Brook Farm, separated from Alcott's only by a gate, he was discreetly defended from calls by a feminine Corbeus, and called on his neighbor only twice or thrice during four years. He had at Concord a forest for refuge within twenty steps of the rear of his house, and also a hill-top [illegible] security on bad weather, reached by a narrow and winding staircase, and, they said, with a trap-door, that he could sit upon, which latter expedient Mr. Alcott thought an exaggeration. Hawthorne's literary method [illegible] was that of a scrap-book. His style was wonderfully alive; his cast of thought of the darker type, characterized by a sort of weird witchery. Hawthorne was *"great on sin,"* he would hunt out a sinner better than any American I have known." And this lent his writings a charm for young people who confess that "they don't like a goodie as well as they do an interesting sinner though we saints don't say that." On the whole Hawthorne's works make for virtue, though not wholesome, like Emerson's. They *intimate* rather than speak religion. Though anticipating no ascent of Sinai, Zion or Olympus, they furnish some steps toward it.

Mr. Alcott was induced to speak of his daughter Louisa, which he did with charming delicacy. When a child, a little wild and inclined sometimes to peep over her moral sense to see what was over there, the other side of a moral sentiment. Her early culture was at home, she kept a diary when a little girl, read everything, played theater in the attic with very young gentlemen neighbors, hunting up the old brocades for costumes, and the ancient swords and epaulets. Some editor gave her five dollars for a composition, and it proved good money. When the war broke out, the patriotic fire burned in her bones, and she would go as a nurse to Georgetown, where she wrote "Hospital Sketches." Her first novel, "Moods," was spoiled by curtailing publishers, who could not endure two volumes, but "Little Women" was so successful, having been published in French, German, and in English editions, that her father found in his Western tour that he was best known as the grandfather of "Little Women," and he became proud to ride in his daughter's chariot. *Boston Correspondence of the Springfield Republican.*

Dr. J. G. Holland, who has been one of the most popular of popular lecturers, has been advised by his physicians to decline all engagements for the coming season on account of his somewhat impaired health. While well and strong enough for all ordinary work, they think the strain of continuous travel and public speaking too severe upon his brain and nerves to be kept up with safety. Dr. Holland is said to have made nearly $120,000 by lecturing. *New York Times.*

The Sultan's reception of Osman Pasha is thus described: "He had hardly entered the royal precincts before the Sultan advanced to meet him. Waiving ceremony as he took him by the hand, he exclaimed, 'Here comes my hero.' You are the only one that has sustained the honor of the Ottoman arms. I swore to God to kiss you in the eyes should you ever live to return, and now I redeem my oath.' With this his majesty took the head of the hero in his hands, and kissed both his eyes. Osman Pasha was moved to tears at this demonstration of affection."

The wife of that charming author, Mr. T. B. Aldrich, is a lady whose many graces and accomplishments are matter for the delight of her home and friends, and not for the paragraphing pen. Nevertheless, it may, perhaps, be permitted to say that Mrs. Aldrich has been playing with a very fine spirit and finish two difficult and distinct roles in an amateur dramatic entertainment in a Massachusetts town. Mrs. Imogen Willis Eddy, the daughter of N. P. Willis, [illegible] in one of these plays.

D. W. ROBBINS' COLUMN.

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, ETC!

The Goods will Advertise Themselves.

[illegible]

E. LEONARD & CO.'S COLUMN.

Dogs Bark at the Moon!

But what cares the Moon?

Fair Luna Sails on as Placidly as ever!

OTHER STORES

In Colorado Springs

YELL "ONE PRICE!"

And they vary it by the cry

GIVE AWAY GOODS!

But the Old Established and Reliable House of

E. LEONARD & CO.

Wish it distinctly understood that they

Do not Give Away Ready-Made Clothing

ONLY TO THE DESTITUTE.

The reputation this house bears for strict honesty and attention to business is such as to challenge the admiration of all who favor them with their patronage, while their facilities for doing business in a satisfactory manner are unsurpassed by any firm west of the Mississippi. It is a common remark that

E. LEONARD & CO.

Are among the leading clothiers of the state, and that their prices are always so reasonable that people once trading with them think of going no where else.

Their success is due in a great measure to the points above noted, but another fact should also be mentioned in this communication, to wit: They purchase their goods by the car load, [illegible]

[illegible]

COATS,

PANTS,

VESTS,

OVERCOATS!

SUITS,

RUBBER

GOODS,

Furnishing

Goods,

Hats, Caps,

STRAW GOODS,

TRUNKS,

VALISES,

&c., &c., &c.

So low that customers can pay for them, and thus retain their own self-respect.

Owing to the immense stock they have just received and that is yet to come, this firm has found it necessary to greatly enlarge their quarters, and to this end have secured the rooms above their own and the adjoining store.

RISKS.

Any person living within an area of one hundred miles from Colorado Springs runs a risk if he buys his ready-made clothing at any other house than that of

E. LEONARD & CO.

Never in their past history was this Old Reliable Firm [illegible] prepared to supply all the [illegible] of the people for new, [illegible] spring and summer [illegible] Every department is replete with [illegible] novelties of the season, [illegible] never before known in [illegible] of the clothing trade in [illegible] They make [illegible]

[illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

MAY 1, 1878.

Official Paper of the City of Colorado Springs.

Any person not receiving their paper this morning will please let us know of it immediately.

The gross earnings of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway for the week ending April 21, were $18,439.69.

At the M. E. Sabbath School last Sunday, 83 names were secured for the National Temperance S. S. League.

Mr. J. W. Gilluly has been appointed chief clerk of the accounting department of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway Company.

The ladies of the M. E. church will give an entertainment at the church to-morrow evening. Supper will be served in the new parsonage.

We are under obligations to Mr. George Bosworth of the Western Union Telegraph Company, for making our path easy with the telegraphic news.

Active preparations are being made by the band to make their part in the programme for the ball on Friday evening next a success. The promenade concert will be one of the features of the evening.

We would call the attention of our readers to the announcement made in another column, of E. Leonard & Co. They have just received a superb line of rubber gossamer goods for ladies and gentlemens wear.

About thirty members of the Congregational Church went to Manitou last Sunday with the pastor. After preaching, a communion service was held, and several members were received there to the Congregational Church of Colorado Springs.

The Right Rev. Bishop Spaulding will preach at Grace church, on Wednesday, May 8, at half-past seven p. m. Confirmation service will be held, and all those desiring to avail themselves of this opportunity will please leave their names with the Rev. J. F. Walker.

A vestry meeting was held at Grace church on Monday evening at 7:30 p. m.: present, Rev. J. F. Walker, D. Russ Wood, H. H. Walbridge, Wm. Wagner, Chas. [illegible] Jas Parker, and E. P. Stephenson. The resignation of C. A. Clark as Secretary was accepted, and J. F. Humphrey was elected to fill the place in connection with the office of treasurer, which he has acceptably filled heretofore. The resignation of C. A. Clark was [illegible] regretted.

We would call the attention of our readers to the very many advertisements in this, our first number of the DAILY GAZETTE. On making our first announcement of daily issue, we had allowed ourselves to calculate on what we considered a fair amount to start on, but our columns now that we have been very pleasantly [illegible], and we return [illegible] thanks due citizens and business men of this city for aiding us in this undertaking, and showing to the outside world the substantial manner in which our business is carried on.

Rev. B. A. P. Faun, colporteur of the American Bible Society, called at our office and showed us samples of bibles and testaments which, considering style of binding, type and paper, are marvels of cheapness. He has all sizes and styles published by the Society, varying in price from five cents to twelve dollars. Sabbath-schools and individuals in need of bibles cannot do better than to call upon him or buy of him when he calls. As his labors will be confined to the rural districts for a while, those who want bibles or testaments immediately will leave their orders at Jas. Duncan's book store, next the post office. Mr. Duncan is treasurer of the County Society.

Almost a Runaway.

Yesterday about noon the horses attached to one of the ice delivery wagons, thinking it was dinner time, started on a run up the street, but were brought to a "short stop" without doing any damage.

Correction.

In the report of the pigeon match, published in the weekly, the following named gentlemen should have been credited with but six instead of seven shots:

AMERICAN TEAM.

Hamlin,	4 out of 6
Dain,	5 " 6
Adams	5 " 6

ENGLISH TEAM.

Harene,	5 out of 6
Gurney,	2 " 6
Hyde,	4 " 6

Hotel Arrivals.

NATIONAL.—S. Brunswick, Miss Lee, Miss Durkee, St. Louis; J. W. Brown and wife, West Virginia; J. S. Dwyer, Manitou; J. H. Thompson, Mich.; Wm. Light, Denver; E. Warren, wife and son, Chicago.

CRAWFORD.—Hon. John T. Drew, Vt.; C. M. Root, Hartford, Ct., Jas. Sever, Boston, Mass.; W. H. Gilmore, wife and son, Ohio; J. E. Byers, E. M. Lund, F. A. Hyde, Chicago; Thos. Pollock, Central; Jos. Juniger, St. Louis; F. S. Hambleton, [illegible]

Business Changes and Improvements.

The Colorado Springs Hotel is being thoroughly renovated and repaired by Mr. J. F. Atherton, preparatory to opening about the 15th instant. This hotel, with its desirable location, is capable of becoming one of the best in the State, and under the efficient management of Mr. Atherton, we do not doubt but such will be the case.

Mrs. M. M. Stevens has leased the upper floor of the brick block, Huerfano street, where she has opened a private boarding house. The Central Hotel is at present vacant.

Tolive, the barber, has greatly improved the appearance of his shop by painting, papering, kalsomining, and the addition of new chairs.

Terrible Accident.

On Sunday afternoon, J. R. Sisacks, a young man of about 18 years of age, who had been working at Glen Eyrie for some few days previous to the accident, went out to take a walk up Queen's Canon. He climbed up the the side of the mountain for about 200 feet where he sat reading for some time, when he suddenly jumped up, saying to a little boy who was sitting below that he was going home, when a whole mass of earth and rock gave way, and pitched him forward on his head, down into the Canon. As we understand it the first fall was about 150 feet in which he met with some obstructions, but the last fifty feet he fell straight into the Canon. The small boy gave the alarm, and Dr. Solly was immediately sent for where he arrived at about 8 p. m. After a great deal of trouble they managed to get the man to the house about midnight. Dr. Solly in conjunction with Dr. Edwards amputated the sufferer's arm from below the elbow, which was completely mashed. His right ear was badly skinned and split, and each of his knees were cut to the bone. The young man is happily in a state of unconciousness and so far no internal injuries have been found.

Personal.

Hon. John T. Drew of Vermont, is a guest at the Crawford.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Walton passed through on their way east yesterday morning.

Mr. C. A. Lee, of the firm of Durkee & Lee, returned from St. Louis on Sunday last.

Jos. Juninger, with Yeruall Brothers, grocers, of St. Louis, is stopping at the Crawford.

Peter Mariani returned on Monday last, from Ouray, and will open up his peanut stand forth with.

Col. Councilman has returned from Chicago, and is looking up his sheep interests in this country.

Rev. J. H. Merritt and wife, leave this morning for Canon City where they will remain for some time.

Messrs. Wakeman and Leonard left yesterday for Silverton, where they will remain through the summer.

C. A. Clark has resigned his position in the accounting department of the Denver & Rio Grande railway, and will leave for Chicago in a few days.

Mrs. D. McCarthy, and Miss Kittie McCarthy, wife and daughter of Hon. Dennis McCarthy of Syracuse N. Y., are registered at the National.

Hon. H. A. Risely passed through the city en route on a special train, bound south, yesterday at 2 a. m., and returning, passed through again at 11.

Dr. C. E. Edwoods removes his residence to-day to the S. E. corner of Huerfano street and Nevada avenue. He still retains his office over the drug store.

Thos. Field, of the firm of Field & Hill, passed south yesterday, en route to Garland. He says this city, his old home, is the only pleasant place in Colorado where he likes to live.

Rev. Mr. Mendenhall left the city yesterday for Philadelphia. During a residence in our city of sixteen months, Mr. M. has formed a large circle of friends who will, one and all, regret his departure.

We are glad to announce that Mr. R. G. Gage, of the firm of Gage & Peery, who has been suffering for some days from a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism has so far recovered as to be able to sit up.

Capt. Jas. Steele left for Dayton, Ohio, yesterday. Capt. Steele has been identified with the sheep interests of El Paso county for the past four or five years, and leaves this State on account of the health of his wife.

W. H. Gilmore, editor of the Shiloh (Ohio) *Review*, is staying with his family at the Crawford House. He will get up several excursions of newspaper men to come to this country sometime during the present season.

Mr. B. H. Gurnsey returned from a trip through New Mexico on Sunday, after a most successful voyage. Some of his views of the charming scenery are very fine, and his studio will be a fine attraction to visitors this coming season.

Dr. C. R. Bissell returned yesterday from a trip to Leadville. The Doctor is looking well and seems to have enjoyed his trip. He reports everything in a flourishing condition and says it is the best mining country he has ever seen, containing more and richer mines.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colorado, for the week ending April 29, 1878:

Bennett, Henry	Lewis, Jas H—2
Carley, Mary	McCarty, Ed
Creche, N C	McGregor, Aleck
Fitzpatrick, James	McGuire, Thomas F
Gary, E Stanley	Miller, Jas E
Hightower, Wm	Robbins, J W
Tannahill, Joseph	Tonnell, C
Foreign:	Mickett, James

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "Advertised Letters," and give the date of this list. If not called for within thirty days, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

JOHN POTTER, P. M.

The state board of land commissioners have filed on 12,000 acres of land down the Platte, for the internal improvement fund.

The *Avalanche* says trees are to be set out in Canon City by order of the board. If the owners of the property do not comply, the town does the work and assesses it against the property.

Among the telluride mines near Bummer Creek or Providence, the John Jay and Last Chance are doing well. This spring the following lots of ore have been sold to the Boston & Colorado Smelting agency at Boulder: Two tons brought $1,267. Some time after 2½ tons sold for $2,337, and last week three tons brought $1,698. All of this ore was obtained in sinking 35 feet and in drifting 25. But few men were employed in the mine.—*Central City Register.*

Business Locals.

For the best accommodations in Colorado Springs stop at the National Hotel.

One of the best hotels in Colorado is the Crawford House, at Colorado Springs.

Buy the Cheyenne Canon Ice of T. E. Johnson.

Look out for the notice of the grand Millinery opening at Mrs. J. M. Sturgeon's new store.

He combed his hair so beautiful and yet the ladies would not go there when they could do so much better at the parlor store of S. Sessler.

GO WHERE GLORY WAITS THEE is an admonition not so often repeated now-a-days as the more matter-of-fact "Go West." Nevertheless, as you are now in the West, would you go where profit awaits thee, you would straightway hasten to purchase anything you require in the hardware line at Durkee & Lee's. Their stock is large and complete.

We would call special attention to the large line of Books, Stationery, Musical Merchandise, etc., which comprises the stock of Jas. Duncan, next door to the postoffice. All the daily and weekly papers and the leading periodicals are to be found there.

A. Verger desires to call special attention to his stock of finest Teas, choicest green and freshly roasted Mocha, Java, and Rio Coffees, standard, and fancy brands of foreign and domestic fruits in glass and tin. Dry Fruits, Meats, Lard, and everything appertaining to a first-class house, which we are now receiving and selling as low as can be bought in the State.

The Parlor Store has taken the lead, judging by the crowd of ladies and gentlemen we always see there, and it is not to be wondered at when one stops to think of the large stock of groceries, fresh and of the best quality, and the extremely low prices that are offered at wholesale and retail by Mr. Sessler.

Fred. Conant's Billiard Hall, next door to Wilbur & Goodrich's, is fitted up with new Brunswick & Balke tables. He keeps a good stock of Fine Cigars, Sweet Cider, and Ginger Ale. It has become a popular resort for the business men and visitors to our city.

There's many a cow-slip between the buttercup and the tulip, as the old adage saith. All these sweet flowers are represented in harmonious blendings on some of the many new styles of wall papers for sale at such low prices at Bradbury's.

Five to ten car-loads more of goods on the road to the immense store of S. Sessler. Selling low to make room for them. Call and be convinced.

Having taken advantage of the low freight tariff I can sell Chicago lumber, flooring, shingles, finishing lumber, etc., at prices as low as Colorado lumber. Giles Crissey.

Mrs. Thornburgh opens to-day just above the post office block, with a new and enlarged stock of millinery and fancy goods of the latest styles and which she is offering at prices which allow of no competition.

A BET WITH THE LADIES.

We have got a new silver dollar to bet that every lady who reads this paper will turn it upside down and learn that Sagendorf & Taylor use nothing but the purest chemicals, namely Squibbs, in their prescriptions, and also have the finest line of toilet articles to be found in the city.

There is no use talking, new goods and low prices and as large a stock as Mr. Sessler has is sure to command a liberal trade.

If you want to buy cheap goods, go to A. D. Craigue's, the old reliable store.

Milk five cents a quart. T. E. Johnson.

FLEE AS A BIRD TO YOUR MOUNTAIN, is a very good thing for the birds, but if you are going to remain in town, just flee to Gardner & Parker's, and leave your orders for paper hanging, painting, &c. They are the boss.

T. J. Wiley has a choice lot of Pie-plant which he is selling at 3 pounds for 25c.

Fresh Bread, Cakes, and everything in the baker's line delivered daily by W. H. KINNEY.

Largest stock of Musical Merchandise to be found in the city, at LAKE'S.

I defy competition, either in price or quality of goods. I am here to stay, and propose to fight it out on this line.

A. D. CRAIGUE.

Lo! How tender is to list the telephonic voice of the loved one; he at the North Pole, I at home—in fact here. In dulcet tones he feelingly utters the noble sentiment—buy your wall papers at Tribe & Jeffery's, who have the most complete stock to be found in town.

T. A. Hay & Co., Blacksmiths and Horseshoers, make a specialty of shoeing horses troubled with diseased hoofs, such as quarter cracks, contracted feet, corns, etc. Freighters can rely upon a No. 1 job of mountain work; repairing of heavy mountain wagons a specialty. Sign of the Big Horse Shoe, Huerfano Street, west of Cascade avenue, Colorado Springs.

FOR SALE—A farm and stock ranch six miles south of Colorado Springs. 190 acres, 2½ miles of fence on the place, 30 acres under cultivation. Water from two ditches; good little house in sight of a good school house; nearly a ton to the acre of Gramma grass has been cut on a portion of the place, without irrigation. Parties wishing to purchase a ranch of the above description will find this one of the best ranches on the Fountain, and for sale at a bargain if sold within 30 days. Apply to

A. L. LAWTON, Real Estate and Ins. Agt.

EDGAR T. ENSIGN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Member U. S. Law Association and Collection Union. Office, Room No. 2, Wanless Block, Pike's Peak Avenue.

BARBER SHOP, BATH ROOMS.

Barber Shop and Bath Rooms!

E. TOLIVER, Prop'r.

TEJON STREET, opposite the County Clerk's Office.

The only First-Class Establishment in the city.

FURNITURE, Etc.

S. B. WESTERFIELD

SUCCESSOR TO

HODGMAN & WESTERFIELD,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Furniture,

Carpets

AND

BURIAL CASKETS.

Prices the Very Lowest.

COAL AND TRANSFER.

Wm. Lennox & Bro.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Canyon City Coal

Also proprietors of the

OLD RELIABLE

TRANSFER LINE!

Orders for the removal of all kinds of goods to and from the depot or to different parts of the city, attended to with promptness and at very low rates.

Special attention given to handling Fine Furniture, Pianos, and Safes, and Satisfaction Guaranteed in all work.

Office: At Coal Yard, Near Freight Depot.

ORDER BOOKS: At the Hardware Stores of G. S. Barnes and Durkee & Lee.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

GRAND

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Having just received a large invoice of

Boots

AND

Shoes,

From some of the best manufactures in this country, I propose to sell them at as

LOW FIGURES

As these lines of goods were ever offered in this or any other market. My stock comprises

GOOD, HONEST, SEASONABLE, STYLISH GOODS,

And will be sold at the Lowest Rates. Call and examine and you will be perfectly satisfied.

J. H. WOODGATE.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

SAVAGE & FLORANCE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Have just received 75 Cases of Boots and Shoes direct from the best factories East. We bought for cash, therefore we are determined to sell the Best of Goods at reasonable prices to suit the times.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Sign of the Golden Boot, Tejon Street, Colorado Springs.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS.

F. E. DOW

WILL OPEN HIS

LARGE NEW STOCK OF

CLOTHING

AND

Furnishing Goods

In Union Block,

(One door south of Robinson's Drug Store)

TO MORROW!

Everything will be kept in stock, from a Paper Collar to Suits made from the finest Imported Goods, and will be sold CHEAPER than the same class of goods have ever before been offered in this market.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE RAILWAY.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

THE SAN JUAN BRANCH IS NOW COMPLETED

AND CARS ARE RUNNING TO

GARLAND CITY,

On West side of Sangre de Cristo Range.

The Road in crossing the Range through Veta Pass and over Dump Mountain reaches an elevation of 9,340 feet, commanding a magnificent view of surrounding Peaks, and the

Picturesque Scenery which is unexcelled in the United States.

DIRECT AND ONLY ROUTE FROM

DENVER

To Colorado Springs, Manitou, Pueblo,

CANON CITY, EL MORO, GARLAND CITY, etc.

THE ONLY LINE MAKING DIRECT STAGE CONNECTIONS TO AND FROM

FAIRPLAY, LAKE CITY, DEL NORTE, SANTA FE,

AND ALL POINTS IN

ARIZONA

NEW MEXICO AND SAN JUAN MINES

Connects at DENVER with KANSAS PACIFIC, DENVER PACIFIC and UNION PACIFIC RAILWAYS, for all points EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH. At PUEBLO, with ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE RAILWAY for all points EAST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

Tickets, Maps, etc., to be had on application at Depot. J. M. ELLISON, Agent, Colorado Springs.

W. W. BORST, Superintendent.

D. C. DODGE, Gen'l Fr't and P'ss. Agent.

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